COMMERCE, JUSTICE, SCIENCE, AND RELATED AGENCIES, 2021

\$71.094 billion total funding (\$65.236 billion non-defense | \$5.858 billion defense)

BILL HIGHLIGHTS

- O Department of Commerce (DOC) \$9.6 billion. The bill provides:
 - Increased funding for DOC trade-related agencies, and prioritizes their core functions of trade enforcement and promotion.
 - \$340 million for the Economic Development Administration, an increase of \$7 million from the previous year, to support infrastructure and public-works projects, promote regional innovation, and spur job creation in communities across the nation.
 - \$1 billion for the National Institute of Standards and Technology, an increase of \$16 million from the previous year, to support research and development in the industries of the future, and continue promotion of the highest-quality standards. The bill also provides increased funding for the Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership program.
 - \$5.4 billion for the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, an increase of \$51 million from the previous year, to support core operations (e.g., weather and ocean monitoring, fisheries management, grant and external partnership programs, etc.); fully staff the National Weather Service; and continue procurement and development of critical observing assets, including satellites, vessels, and aircraft.
- O Department of Justice (DOJ) \$33.705 billion. The bill provides:
 - \$1.1 billion above the fiscal year 2020 enacted level. This funding supports DOJ's critical missions to protect national security and public safety, and to ensure the fair and impartial administration of justice.
 - The bill provides \$17.86 billion for DOJ's law enforcement components, including the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Drug Enforcement Administration, the U.S. Marshals Service, and the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives. These investments are critical to combat foreign threats and terrorism, interdict and disrupt drug trafficking, maintain the integrity of the Federal courts, and reduce violent crime.
 - The bill provides strong support for State and local law enforcement, and provides \$3.257 billion for DOJ grant programs. This funding supports Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) programs, the Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grants (Byrne-JAG), and Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS) Hiring Program. Within the DOJ grant programs, the bill provides \$539 million to help state and local partners combat the opioid and methamphetamine crises.

- O National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) \$23.5 billion. The bill provides an increase of \$866 million above the funding level for the previous year. It includes a funding increase of \$689 million for human exploration activities related to returning U.S. Astronauts to the Moon. Funding levels for the Space Launch System, Orion, and associated ground systems remain unchanged from previous year levels, while funding for lunar landing systems is funded at \$1 billion. Also provided is \$120 million to restore funding for NASA's STEM education programs while also funding ongoing science missions, including the Roman telescope and PACE, and continuing critical aeronautics research.
- National Science Foundation (NSF) \$8.5 billion. The bill provides an increase of \$200 million above the previous year, \$737 million above the FY21 request. The funding provides \$6.9 billion, an increase of \$170 million, to maintain NSF's core basic research portfolio and supports the priorities of quantum computing and artificial intelligence research. The bill also provides \$964 million, an increase of \$23.5 million, in additional funding for STEM education research funding, a total of \$75 million for mid-scale research projects, and \$195 million for the EPSCoR program.