HOMELAND SECURITY, 2027

The Homeland Security appropriations bill for Fiscal Year 2027 provides $78.2 billion dollars, including $49.8 billion in regular discretionary funding and $28.4 billion for disaster relief. The bill provides funding to strengthen border security and trade enforcement, invest in the Coast Guard, improve cyber and physical infrastructure resiliency, and modernize Transportation Security Administration (TSA) equipment.

- Over $413 million in new procurement, construction, and improvements for U.S. Customs and Border Protection, including significant investments in trade infrastructure, scanning capabilities, and airframes. These upgrades will equip the agency to keep illegal drugs out of the U.S., while facilitating lawful trade and travel.
- Over $1.7 billion for the United States Coast Guard to prepare stations across the U.S. to conduct necessary pier improvements, address housing needs, and complete other construction work. These improvements will prepare for home porting of the assets acquired through the Working Families Tax Act, in addition to procurement of new vessels.
- Fully restores cuts to Federal Emergency Management Administration (FEMA) grants made under the Biden Administration, ensuring that communities across the nation will be resilient, protected and equipped in case of disaster.
- Invests $269 million in the Office of the Inspector General (OIG) for the purposes of investigating waste, fraud and abuse, ensuring proper oversight of grant administration, contracting, and detention conditions.

Bill Highlights

Management Directorate: $1.8 billion for the Management Directorate, including $25 million for enhanced cybersecurity protections, $74 million for financial systems modernization to strengthen audit controls and reduce waste, and $23 million for enterprise-wide human resources technology improvements. The bill also provides more than $2 billion for the Federal Protective Service to protect federal facilities and personnel, with the full cost offset by fee collections for FY2027.

Customs and Border Protection (CBP): $11.6 billion to strengthen border security, an increase of $255 million above the FY 2026 enacted level. This includes an additional $144 million to procure airframes and sensors to secure the border, an additional $98 million to support the Administration's anti-drug campaign, and an additional $96 million to modernize trade infrastructure.

Transportation Security Administration (TSA): $11.7 billion to ensure the safety of the American public while traveling, which includes $3.7 billion of offsetting fee collections. The bill includes an additional $287 million to continue to accelerate deployment of screening equipment.

United States Coast Guard: $14.7 billion for sustained growth within the Coast Guard. As the Coast Guard transitions from legacy assets to modern equipment, personnel must operate in both the near term and the future. Therefore, the bill provides over $12 billion in Operations and Support to increase the training pipeline. The bill also provides an additional $500 million for necessary waterfront and pier construction at U.S. Coast Guard Sector Northern New England.

U.S. Secret Service (USSS): $3.4 billion for USSS, including funding to hire more than 425 additional law enforcement personnel. This includes $1.5 billion for protective operations, of which $71 million supports the 2028 presidential campaign and $51 million supports security associated with the 2028 Summer Olympic and Paralympic Games.

Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency: $2.7 billion to harden the nation's cyber defense and to protect critical infrastructure. Provides over $60 million for new hires to ensure the nation's best and brightest cyber defenders are employed to defend against foreign actors.

FEMA: $34.1 billion to ensure that the nation is prepared to respond to any natural disaster. This includes $28.4 billion for the Disaster Relief Fund, to ensure communities can quickly recover. The bill also includes $3.3 billion for grant programs to better prepare local communities.

Office of the Inspector General: $269 million for the OIG to continue oversight of detention facilities and fraud investigations.

United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS): $123 million to sustain the level of FY2026 operations.

Federal Law Enforcement Training Centers (FLETC): $424 million for FLETC to support basic and advanced training for Federal law enforcement officers, as well as provide support to state, local, tribal, territorial, and international law enforcement partners.

Science and Technology Directorate (S&T): $873 million to conduct research, development, and testing, and to deliver innovative solutions for Homeland Security missions.